

Utah Data Guide

A Newsletter For Data Users

Utah State Data Center
 Governor's Office of Planning and Budget
 Demographic and Economic Analysis

2010 Census: Demographic Profiles

2010 Census Demographic Profiles

The U.S. Census Bureau recently released 2010 Census profiles of general demographic characteristics, which consist of a table containing selected 100-percent data items from the Summary File 1. These summary tables, which were made available down to the city level, include items such as population, sex, age, race, Hispanic or Latino origin, household relationship and type, housing occupancy and tenure, average household and family size, and owner-occupied/renter-occupied units.

U.S. Demographic Characteristics

The population of the U.S. increased 9.7% over the decade, from 281,421,906 in 2000 to 308,735,538 in 2010. The nation's median age was the highest ever, rising from 35.3 in 2000 to 37.2 in 2010. This increase reflects the aging of the baby boomers.

Other highlights from the national profile include:

- The number of males (151,781,326) edged slightly closer to the number of females (156,964,212), raising the sex ratio from 96.3 in 2000 to 96.7 in 2010.
- The average household size decreased very slightly from 2.59 in 2000 to 2.58 in 2010.
- The home ownership rate decreased from 66% in 2000 to 65% in 2010.
- The number of non-family households increased at twice the rate of family households, 16.3% versus 8.0%.
- Families maintained by female householders with no husband present increased nearly five times as fast as married couple families, 18.2% versus 3.7%. Married-couple families dropped from 55% to 52% of all households.
- A 54.1% increase in the number of people of Mexican origin fueled much of the 15 million increase in the number of Hispanics or Latinos nationwide between 2000 and 2010.

Utah Demographic Characteristics

The population of Utah increased 23.7% over the decade, from 2,233,169 in 2000 to 2,763,885 in 2010. Utah was the third fastest growing state in the nation, growing more than twice as fast as the U.S during this ten year period.

Age and Sex. Utah continues to have the youngest population in the nation. However, the median age increased over the decade from 27.1 in 2000 to 29.2 in 2010. Utahns under age 18 accounted for 31.5% of the total population in 2010, while those 65 years and over accounted for only 9.0% of the population. Males in Utah accounted for 50.2% of the population in 2010, compared to 50.1% in 2000, while females accounted for 49.8% of the population in 2010, down from 49.9% in 2000.

Race. The majority of Utahns (97.3%) selected only one race in 2010. Among those that selected one race, the majority were White (86.1%). Asian was the second largest selected with 2.0%. Of the Utahns who selected Asian most identified themselves as Other Asian, followed by Chinese, Vietnamese, and Asian Indian. The fastest growing group over the decade among the Asian population was the Asian Indian, increasing 102.7% from 3,065 in 2000 to 6,212 in 2010. The American Indian and Alaska Native was the third largest group accounting for 1.2% of the total Utah population. Black or African American accounted for 1.1% of the total population and grew 65.9% over the decade. The Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander category was 0.9% of the total population. The largest group among the state's Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islanders was the Other Pacific Islander, Samoan, and Native Hawaiian.

Hispanic or Latino Origin. Utahns of Hispanic or Latino origin made up 13.0% of the state's population in 2010. Hispanics or Latinos of Mexican origin, who account for 72.3% of all Hispanics in the state, grew 89.8% over the decade from 136,416 in 2000 to 258,340 in 2010. Those Hispanics in the state that identified themselves as "Other Hispanic or Latino" accounted for 25.2% of the state's Hispanic population. This group is comprised primarily of people whose origins are from Spain, the Spanish-Speaking countries of Central and South America, and the Dominican Republic. The number of Puerto Ricans, representing 2.0% of all Hispanics in the state, grew from 3,977 in 2000 to 7,182 in 2010, an increase of 80.6%.

Households and Family Characteristics. Over the past several decades, the composition of households in Utah has changed significantly. Changes in the number and types of households depend on population growth, shifts in age composition, and the decisions indi-

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2010 Census: Demographic Profiles

viduals make about their living arrangements. Demographic trends in marriage, cohabitation, divorce, fertility, and mortality also influence family and household composition.

The number of households in the state reached 877,692 in 2010, a 25.2% increase from 2000. The number of family households increased 23.3% over the decade; however the proportion of households that are family households decreased from 76.3% in 2000 to 75.2% in 2010. In 2010, only 31.7% of households in Utah were composed of married couples with "own children" under 18, compared to 48% in 1970.

Additionally, the number of married couples, with or without children, has declined from 76% in 1970 to 61% in 2010. As the proportion of traditional two-parent families has declined, the number of single-parent families has increased slightly from 5% in 1970 to 7.7% in 2010.

In spite of these trends, 2010 state rankings show that Utah ranks first in the nation in both the percent of family households (75.2%),

and in the percent of married-couple families (61.0%). The state also continues to lead the nation in average family size (3.56) and average household size (3.10).

County Demographic Characteristics

Age and Sex. Utah is the youngest state in the nation and Utah County with a median age of 24.6 is the youngest county in the state. The median age in Utah County increased 1.3 years from 2000 when the median age was 23.3. Cache County is the second youngest with a median age 25.5 followed by Iron (26.8), Sanpete (28.4), and Uintah (29.1). Kane County is the oldest county in Utah with a median age of 44.5, an increase of 5.4 years from 2000 when the median age was 39.1.

Juab County had the largest percentage of the total population under 18 years with 37.4% followed by Tooele (36.1%), Morgan (35.4%), Utah (35.2%), and Davis (34.4%). Piute County had the largest percentage of persons age 65 and older with 30.1% followed by Kane (24.3%), Daggett (22.9%), Washington (30.2%), and Garfield (30.2%).

Selected Age Groups by County: 2010

| | Total Population | School Age (Under 18 Years) | | | Working Age (18 to 65 Years) | | | Retirement Age (65 Years and Over) | | | Median Age | |
|------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|---------|------|---------------------------------|---------|------|---------------------------------------|---------|------|------------|------|
| | | Number | Percent | Rank | Number | Percent | Rank | Number | Percent | Rank | Number | Rank |
| Utah | 2,763,885 | 871,027 | 31.5 | | 1,643,396 | 59.5 | | 249,462 | 9.0 | | 29.2 | |
| Beaver | 6,629 | 2,244 | 33.9 | 10 | 3,553 | 53.6 | 25 | 832 | 12.6 | 12 | 31.9 | 15 |
| Box Elder | 49,975 | 16,978 | 34.0 | 7 | 27,434 | 54.9 | 20 | 5,563 | 11.1 | 15 | 30.6 | 19 |
| Cache | 112,656 | 35,639 | 31.6 | 15 | 68,323 | 60.6 | 4 | 8,694 | 7.7 | 26 | 25.5 | 28 |
| Carbon | 21,403 | 5,722 | 26.7 | 25 | 12,778 | 59.7 | 7 | 2,903 | 13.6 | 10 | 34.4 | 9 |
| Daggett | 1,059 | 243 | 22.9 | 29 | 615 | 58.1 | 10 | 201 | 19.0 | 3 | 42.8 | 2 |
| Davis | 306,479 | 105,339 | 34.4 | 5 | 176,148 | 57.5 | 13 | 24,992 | 8.2 | 25 | 29.2 | 24 |
| Duchesne | 18,607 | 6,309 | 33.9 | 9 | 10,314 | 55.4 | 18 | 1,984 | 10.7 | 17 | 29.7 | 21 |
| Emery | 10,976 | 3,488 | 31.8 | 13 | 6,120 | 55.8 | 17 | 1,368 | 12.5 | 13 | 32.8 | 11 |
| Garfield | 5,172 | 1,379 | 26.7 | 26 | 2,962 | 57.3 | 14 | 831 | 16.1 | 5 | 39.0 | 5 |
| Grand | 9,225 | 2,118 | 23.0 | 28 | 5,856 | 63.5 | 2 | 1,251 | 13.6 | 10 | 39.9 | 4 |
| Iron | 46,163 | 13,944 | 30.2 | 17 | 27,686 | 60.0 | 5 | 4,533 | 9.8 | 21 | 26.8 | 27 |
| Juab | 10,246 | 3,837 | 37.4 | 1 | 5,366 | 52.4 | 28 | 1,043 | 10.2 | 19 | 29.3 | 23 |
| Kane | 7,125 | 1,729 | 24.3 | 27 | 4,008 | 56.3 | 16 | 1,388 | 19.5 | 2 | 44.5 | 1 |
| Millard | 12,503 | 4,061 | 32.5 | 12 | 6,672 | 53.4 | 26 | 1,770 | 14.2 | 9 | 33.7 | 10 |
| Morgan | 9,469 | 3,349 | 35.4 | 3 | 5,123 | 54.1 | 22 | 997 | 10.5 | 18 | 32.0 | 14 |
| Piute | 1,556 | 468 | 30.1 | 20 | 756 | 48.6 | 29 | 332 | 21.3 | 1 | 40.5 | 3 |
| Rich | 2,264 | 704 | 31.1 | 16 | 1,217 | 53.8 | 24 | 343 | 15.2 | 7 | 34.7 | 8 |
| Salt Lake | 1,029,655 | 299,781 | 29.1 | 23 | 640,507 | 62.2 | 3 | 89,367 | 8.7 | 23 | 30.8 | 17 |
| San Juan | 14,746 | 5,017 | 34.0 | 6 | 8,129 | 55.1 | 19 | 1,600 | 10.9 | 16 | 29.9 | 20 |
| Sanpete | 27,822 | 8,341 | 30.0 | 21 | 16,284 | 58.5 | 8 | 3,197 | 11.5 | 14 | 28.4 | 26 |
| Sevier | 20,802 | 6,600 | 31.7 | 14 | 11,186 | 53.8 | 23 | 3,016 | 14.5 | 8 | 32.8 | 11 |
| Summit | 36,324 | 10,070 | 27.7 | 24 | 23,486 | 64.7 | 1 | 2,768 | 7.6 | 27 | 37.1 | 6 |
| Tooele | 58,218 | 21,018 | 36.1 | 2 | 32,821 | 56.4 | 15 | 4,379 | 7.5 | 28 | 29.6 | 22 |
| Uintah | 32,588 | 10,857 | 33.3 | 11 | 18,734 | 57.5 | 12 | 2,997 | 9.2 | 22 | 29.1 | 25 |
| Utah | 516,564 | 181,977 | 35.2 | 4 | 301,130 | 58.3 | 9 | 33,457 | 6.5 | 29 | 24.6 | 29 |
| Wasatch | 23,530 | 7,980 | 33.9 | 8 | 13,533 | 57.5 | 11 | 2,017 | 8.6 | 24 | 31.6 | 16 |
| Washington | 138,115 | 41,686 | 30.2 | 18 | 72,603 | 52.6 | 27 | 23,826 | 17.3 | 4 | 32.5 | 13 |
| Wayne | 2,778 | 838 | 30.2 | 19 | 1,515 | 54.5 | 21 | 425 | 15.3 | 6 | 37.1 | 6 |
| Weber | 231,236 | 69,311 | 30.0 | 22 | 138,537 | 59.9 | 6 | 23,388 | 10.1 | 20 | 30.7 | 18 |

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010 Census

General Demographic Profile for Utah: 2000 and 2010

| Subject | 2000 | | 2010 | | Subject | 2000 | | 2010 | |
|---|------------------|--------------|------------------|--------------|---|------------------|--------------|------------------|--------------|
| | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| Total population | 2,233,169 | 100.0 | 2,763,885 | 100.0 | HISPANIC OR LATINO AND RACE | | | | |
| SEX AND AGE | | | | | Total population | 2,233,169 | 100.0 | 2,763,885 | 100.0 |
| Male..... | 1,119,031 | 50.1 | 1,388,317 | 50.2 | Hispanic or Latino (of any race)..... | 201,559 | 9.0 | 358,340 | 13.0 |
| Female..... | 1,114,138 | 49.9 | 1,375,568 | 49.8 | Mexican..... | 136,416 | 6.1 | 258,905 | 9.4 |
| Under 5 years..... | 209,378 | 9.4 | 263,924 | 9.5 | Puerto Rican..... | 3,977 | 0.2 | 7,182 | 0.3 |
| 5 to 9 years..... | 193,033 | 8.6 | 249,572 | 9.0 | Cuban..... | 940 | 0.0 | 1,963 | 0.1 |
| 10 to 14 years..... | 192,288 | 8.6 | 227,951 | 8.2 | Other Hispanic or Latino [4]..... | 60,226 | 2.7 | 90,290 | 3.3 |
| 15 to 19 years..... | 216,278 | 9.7 | 221,090 | 8.0 | Not Hispanic or Latino..... | 2,031,610 | 91.0 | 2,405,545 | 87.0 |
| 20 to 24 years..... | 225,152 | 10.1 | 226,519 | 8.2 | White..... | 1,904,265 | 85.3 | 2,221,719 | 80.4 |
| 25 to 34 years..... | 327,064 | 14.6 | 445,687 | 16.1 | RELATIONSHIP | | | | |
| 35 to 44 years..... | 299,536 | 13.4 | 332,475 | 12.0 | Total population | 2,233,169 | 100.0 | 2,763,885 | 100.0 |
| 45 to 54 years..... | 237,710 | 10.6 | 306,964 | 11.1 | In households..... | 2,192,689 | 98.2 | 2,717,733 | 98.3 |
| 55 to 59 years..... | 80,053 | 3.6 | 107,119 | 3.9 | Householder..... | 701,281 | 31.4 | 877,692 | 31.8 |
| 60 to 64 years..... | 62,455 | 2.8 | 107,119 | 3.9 | Spouse [5]..... | 442,931 | 19.8 | 535,827 | 19.4 |
| 65 to 74 years..... | 101,548 | 4.5 | 138,224 | 5.0 | Child..... | 828,541 | 37.1 | 991,058 | 35.9 |
| 75 to 84 years..... | 66,923 | 3.0 | 80,247 | 2.9 | Own child under 18 years..... | 663,394 | 29.7 | 784,125 | 28.4 |
| 85 years and over..... | 21,751 | 1.0 | 30,991 | 1.1 | Other relatives..... | 105,800 | 4.7 | 166,072 | 6.0 |
| Median age (years)..... | 27.1 | (X) | 29.2 | (X) | Under 18 years..... | 41,916 | 1.9 | 70,520 | 2.6 |
| 18 years and over..... | 1,514,471 | 67.8 | 1,892,858 | 68.5 | Nonrelatives..... | 114,136 | 5.1 | 147,084 | 5.3 |
| Male..... | 749,235 | 33.6 | 940,984 | 34.0 | Unmarried partner..... | 24,104 | 1.1 | 40,142 | 1.5 |
| Female..... | 765,236 | 34.3 | 951,874 | 34.4 | In group quarters..... | 40,480 | 1.8 | 46,152 | 1.7 |
| 21 years and over..... | 1,379,043 | 61.8 | 1,759,144 | 63.6 | Institutionalized population..... | 19,467 | 0.9 | 22,161 | 0.8 |
| 62 years and over..... | 226,230 | 10.1 | 310,427 | 11.2 | Noninstitutionalized population..... | 21,013 | 0.9 | 23,991 | 0.9 |
| 65 years and over..... | 190,222 | 8.5 | 249,462 | 9.0 | HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE | | | | |
| Male..... | 83,228 | 3.7 | 113,045 | 4.1 | Total households | 701,281 | 100.0 | 877,692 | 100.0 |
| Female..... | 106,994 | 4.8 | 136,417 | 4.9 | Family households (families) [6]..... | 535,294 | 76.3 | 660,234 | 75.2 |
| RACE | | | | | With own children under 18 years..... | 299,746 | 42.7 | 346,439 | 39.5 |
| One race..... | 2,185,974 | 97.9 | 2,688,367 | 97.3 | Husband-wife family..... | 442,931 | 63.2 | 535,827 | 61.0 |
| White..... | 1,992,975 | 89.2 | 2,379,560 | 86.1 | With own children under 18 years..... | 245,743 | 35.0 | 278,270 | 31.7 |
| Black or African American..... | 17,657 | 0.8 | 29,287 | 1.1 | Female householder, no husband present..... | 65,941 | 9.4 | 85,549 | 9.7 |
| American Indian and Alaska Native..... | 29,684 | 1.3 | 32,927 | 1.2 | With own children under 18 years..... | 40,329 | 5.8 | 48,491 | 5.5 |
| Asian..... | 37,108 | 1.7 | 55,285 | 2.0 | Nonfamily households [6]..... | 165,987 | 23.7 | 217,458 | 24.8 |
| Asian Indian..... | 3,065 | 0.1 | 6,212 | 0.2 | Householder living alone..... | 124,756 | 17.8 | 164,018 | 18.7 |
| Chinese..... | 8,045 | 0.4 | 11,186 | 0.4 | Householder 65 years and over..... | 43,908 | 6.3 | 56,141 | 6.4 |
| Filipino..... | 3,106 | 0.1 | 5,600 | 0.2 | Households with individuals under 18 years..... | 321,108 | 45.8 | 380,069 | 43.3 |
| Japanese..... | 6,186 | 0.3 | 6,087 | 0.2 | Households with individuals 65 years and over..... | 130,469 | 18.6 | 175,128 | 20.0 |
| Korean..... | 3,473 | 0.2 | 5,379 | 0.2 | Average household size..... | 3.13 | (X) | 3.10 | (X) |
| Vietnamese..... | 5,968 | 0.3 | 8,025 | 0.3 | Average family size [6]..... | 3.57 | (X) | 3.56 | (X) |
| Other Asian [1]..... | 7,265 | 0.3 | 12,796 | 0.5 | HOUSING OCCUPANCY | | | | |
| Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander..... | 15,145 | 0.7 | 24,554 | 0.9 | Total housing units | 768,594 | 100.0 | 979,709 | 100.0 |
| Native Hawaiian..... | 1,251 | 0.1 | 1,911 | 0.1 | Occupied housing units..... | 701,281 | 91.2 | 877,692 | 89.6 |
| Guamanian or Chamorro..... | 202 | 0.0 | 493 | 0.0 | Vacant housing units..... | 67,313 | 8.8 | 102,017 | 10.4 |
| Samoan..... | 4,523 | 0.2 | 8,246 | 0.3 | For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.. | 29,685 | 3.9 | 47,978 | 4.9 |
| Other Pacific Islander [2]..... | 9,169 | 0.4 | 13,904 | 0.5 | Homeowner vacancy rate (percent) [7]..... | 2.1 | (X) | 2.3 | (X) |
| Some other race..... | 93,405 | 4.2 | 166,754 | 6.0 | Rental vacancy rate (percent) [8]..... | 6.5 | (X) | 7.2 | (X) |
| Two or more races..... | 47,195 | 2.1 | 75,518 | 2.7 | HOUSING TENURE | | | | |
| Race alone or in combination with one or more other races [3]: | | | | | Occupied housing units | 701,281 | 100.0 | 877,692 | 100.0 |
| White..... | 2,034,448 | 91.1 | 2,447,583 | 88.6 | Owner-occupied housing units..... | 501,547 | 71.5 | 618,137 | 70.4 |
| Black or African American..... | 24,382 | 1.1 | 43,209 | 1.6 | Renter-occupied housing units..... | 199,734 | 28.5 | 259,555 | 29.6 |
| American Indian and Alaska Native..... | 40,445 | 1.8 | 50,064 | 1.8 | Average household size of owner-occupied units..... | 3.29 | (X) | 3.21 | (X) |
| Asian..... | 48,692 | 2.2 | 77,748 | 2.8 | Average household size of renter-occupied units.. | 2.75 | (X) | 2.82 | (X) |
| Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander..... | 21,367 | 1.0 | 36,777 | 1.3 | | | | | |
| Some other race..... | 113,950 | 5.1 | 189,886 | 6.9 | | | | | |

Notes:
 X Not applicable.
 [1] Other Asian alone, or two or more Asian categories.
 [2] Other Pacific Islander alone, or two or more Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander categories.
 [3] In combination with one or more of the other races listed. The six numbers may add to more than the total population, and the six percentages may add to more than 100 percent because individuals may report more than one race.
 [4] This category is composed of people whose origins are from the Dominican Republic, Spain, and Spanish-speaking Central or South American countries. It also includes general origin responses such as "Latino" or "Hispanic."
 [5] "Spouse" represents spouse of the householder. It does not reflect all spouses in a household. Responses of "same-sex spouse" were edited during processing to "unmarried partner."
 [6] "Family households" consist of a householder and one or more other people related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. They do not include same-sex married couples even if the marriage was performed in a state issuing marriage certificates for same-sex couples. Same-sex couple households are included in the family households category if there is at least one additional person related to the householder by birth or adoption. Same-sex couple households with no relatives of the householder present are tabulated in nonfamily households. "Nonfamily households" consist of people living alone and households which do not have any members related to the householder.
 [7] The homeowner vacancy rate is the proportion of the homeowner inventory that is vacant "for sale." It is computed by dividing the total number of vacant units "for sale only" by the sum of owner-occupied units, vacant units that are "for sale only," and vacant units that have been sold but not yet occupied; and then multiplying by 100.
 [8] The rental vacancy rate is the proportion of the rental inventory that is vacant "for rent." It is computed by dividing the total number of vacant units "for rent" by the sum of the renter-occupied units, vacant units that are "for rent," and vacant units that have been rented but not yet occupied; and then multiplying by 100.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010 Census

2010 Census: Demographic Profiles

Males in Daggett County accounted for 56.4% of the population in 2010, which was the largest percentage in Utah, followed by Sanpete (52.3%), Garfield (51.7%), Rich (51.7%), and Summit (51.5%). Only five counties had more females than males with Washington County and Kane County having the largest percentage of females with 50.6%, followed by Carbon (50.4%), and Iron, and Cache (50.3%).

Race. The majority of Utahns (97.3%) selected only one race in 2010. Among the counties, the largest percentage that selected one race was Emery and Garfield with 99.1%, followed by Morgan and Daggett (99.0%), and Rich (98.8%). White was largest race category in the state with Morgan County having the highest percentage (97.5%) among the counties. Asian was the second largest selected in Utah with 2.0% with Salt Lake County having the highest percentage of Asians (3.3%). The American Indian and Alaska Native was the third largest group accounting for 1.2% of the total Utah population with San Juan County having the largest percentage (50.4%). Black or African American accounted for 1.1% of the total Utah population and Salt Lake County had the largest percentage (1.6%). The Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander category was 0.9%

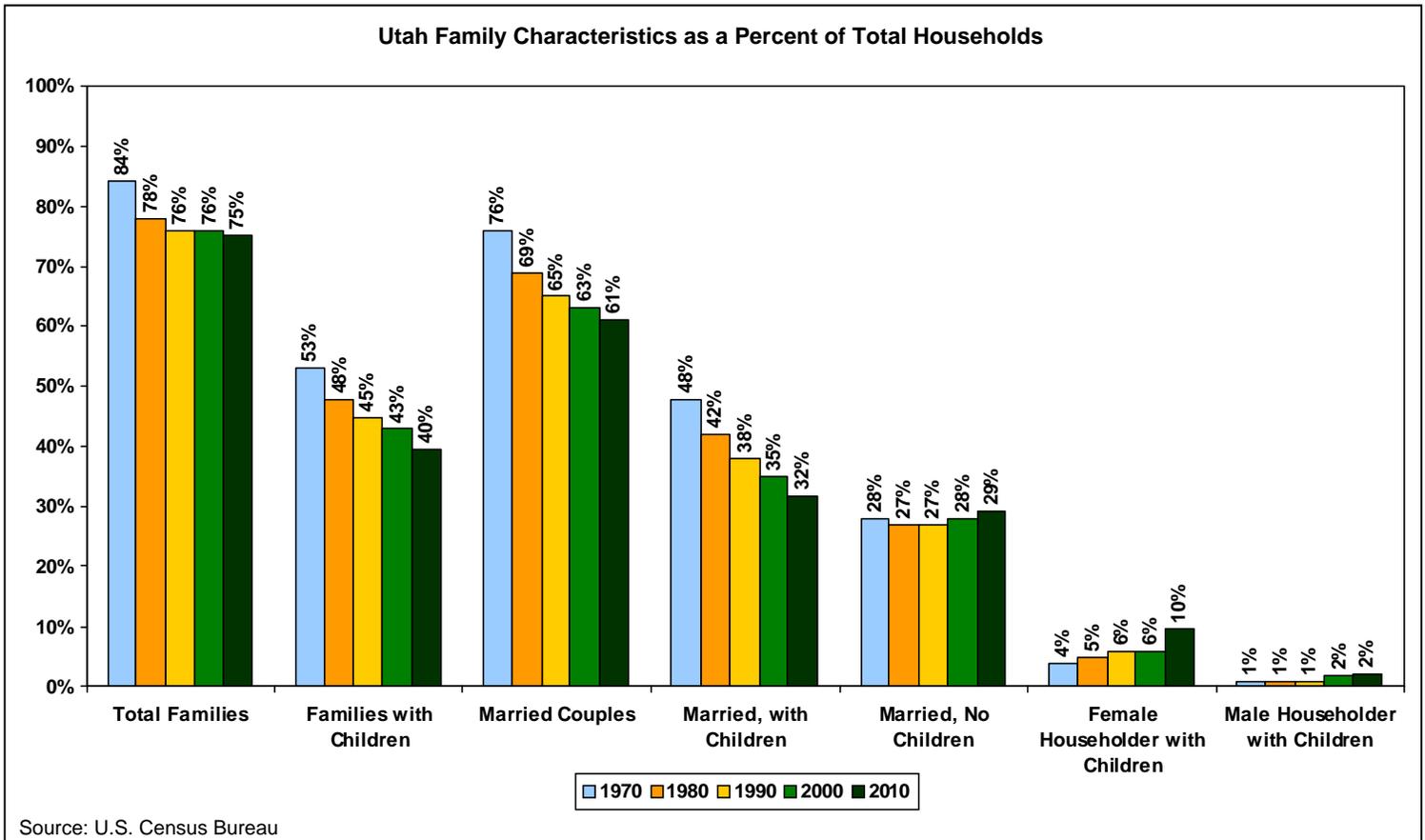
of the Utah total population and Salt Lake County also had the largest percentage with 1.5%.

The majority population in Utah is comprised of those individuals who identify themselves as white not Hispanic or Latino which accounts for 80.4% of the total population. The minority population in Utah is 19.6% with San Juan County having the largest percentage of with 56.1%, the only minority-majority county in Utah, followed by Salt Lake County (26.0%), Weber (21.9%), and Uintah (17.2%).

Hispanic or Latino Origin. Only three counties had larger percentages of people of Hispanic or Latino origin than the State percentage of 13.0% with Salt Lake County having the highest with 17.1% followed by Weber (16.7%) and Wasatch (13.5%).

Additional Information

For more information on the Census 2010 Demographic Profiles, visit the Census Bureau's web site at <http://factfinder2.census.gov>, or contact the State Data Center at dea@utah.gov. ■



Statistical Abstract of the United States: 2011

The U.S. Census Bureau recently released the *Statistical Abstract of the United States: 2011*. The Statistical Abstract is known as the Nation's Data Book and has been published since 1878. It is the standard summary of statistics on the social, political, and economic organization of the United States and has been designed as a convenient reference and a guide to other statistical sources. Data within the publication is gathered from many statistical publications, both government and private. Statistics for the 2011 edition are the most recent available as of the summer of 2010. Emphasis in the Statistical Abstract is given to national data, however many tables present data for regions and individual states with a smaller number of tables providing data for metropolitan areas and cities.

Selected Statistics – With a Special Focus on Utah

Population Characteristics

In 2000 the nation's population was 79.0% urban. Utah was 88.2% urban in 2000, ranking the state ninth among the 50 states and the District of Columbia. The District of Columbia ranked first with 100% of the population classified as urban, followed by California (94.4%), New Jersey (94.4%), Hawaii (91.5%), and Nevada (91.5%). Vermont had the lowest percentage of its population living in an urban setting with 38.2%.

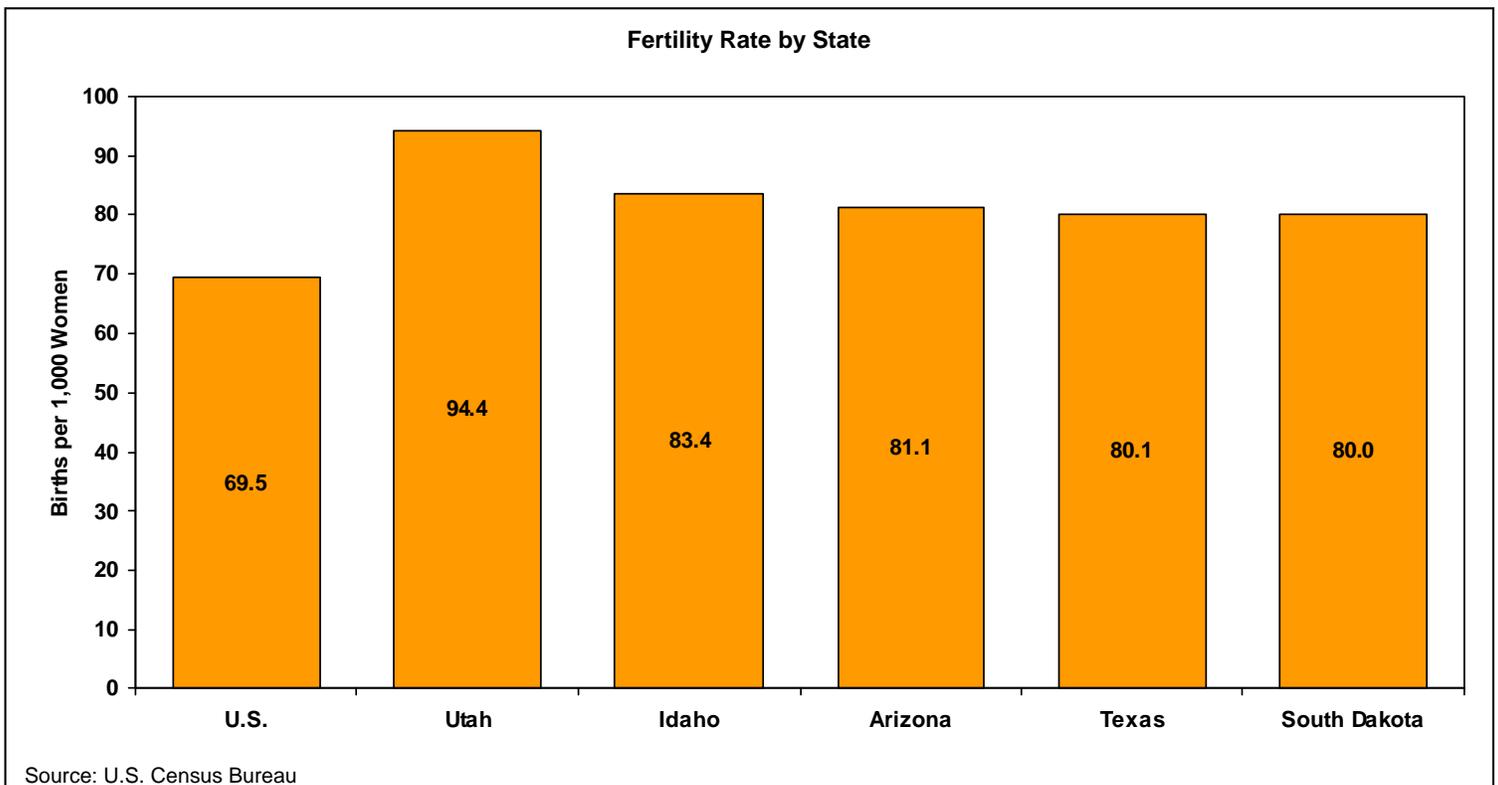
In 2008 the rate of the nation's population age five and over who spoke a language other than English at home was 19.7%, an increase from 2000 when the share was 17.9%. Utah's ratio was 14.0% in 2008, an increase from 2000 when the share was 12.5%. California, at 42.3% had the highest share of people age five and over who spoke a language other than English at home, followed by New Mexico (35.4%), Texas (33.8%), New York (29.0%), and Nevada (27.9%).

The U.S. foreign-born population in 2008 was 12.5% of the total U.S. population. California, with 26.8%, had the highest share of the total population being foreign-born, followed by New York (21.7%), New Jersey (19.8%), Nevada (18.9%), and Florida (18.5%). In Utah, 8.3% of the total population was foreign-born which ranked 21st in the nation. Of the foreign-born population in the U.S. in 2008, 29.5% entered the nation in the year 2000 or later. In Utah, 35.8% of the foreign-born population entered the U.S. in the year 2000 or later, which ranked 21st in 2008. Mississippi with 51.3% had the largest percentage of its foreign-born population entering the U.S. in the year 2000 or later. Following closely behind were Kentucky (49.2%), Alabama (46.8%), Tennessee (43.8%), and North Carolina (42.5%).

Vital Statistics

The fertility rate per thousand females aged 15 to 44 in the U.S. was 69.5 in 2007 compared to the Utah fertility rate of 94.4, the highest in the nation. Utah is followed by Idaho (83.4), Arizona (81.1), Texas (80.1), and South Dakota (80.0). In 2007 births to teenage mothers comprised 10.5% of the total US births. In 2007 Utah had the fourth lowest percent of births to teenage mothers (6.9), preceded by Massachusetts (6.4), New Jersey (6.4), and New Hampshire (6.6). The percent of births to unmarried women in the nation in 2007 was 39.7%. Utah, with a percentage of 19.7 was the lowest in the nation. In 2007, only 6.7% of births in Utah were low weight births compared with the national average of 8.2%, ranking Utah ninth in the nation for the lowest percentage of low birth weight births.

The average life expectancy in Utah was 77.7 years, the third highest in the nation. Only Hawaii (78.2) and Minnesota (77.8) had higher life expectancies. The national life expectancy was 75.4 years, up from the 73.9 total from the last available estimate (1979-1981).



Statistical Abstract of the United States: 2011

Health and Nutrition

In 2008, Utah had the lowest rate of cigarette smoking in the nation at 9.2% of the population age 18 and older. This is significantly lower than the national rate of 18.4%. The states with the lowest rate of cigarette smoking are Utah, followed by California (14.0%), New Jersey (14.8%), Hawaii (15.4%), and Maryland (14.9%). The rate for cigarette smoking varied among the genders, with a higher rate among males for all states except West Virginia.

Utah's 2008 physician to resident population ratio was seventh lowest in the nation, at 208 physicians per 100,000 resident population, with the national rate at 270. Utah's 2008 nurse to resident population ratio was the fourth lowest in the nation, at 632 nurses per 100,000 resident population, with the national rate at 835.

Education

In 2009, 81% of Utah Students scored at or above basic on the Grade 4 Math portion of the National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) test, and 41% scored at or above proficient, compared to a national average of 82% and 39% respectively. On the Grade 8 Math portion of the NAEP test, 75% of Utah students scored at or above basic, and 35% scored at or above proficient. Nationally, 73% of students scored at or above basic on the NAEP Grade 8 Math test, and 34% scored at or above proficient. On the NAEP Grade 4 Reading exam, 67% and 31% of Utah students scored at or above basic and proficient respectively. The national average on the NAEP Grade 4 Reading exam was 67% and 33% for at or above basic and at or above proficient respectively. On the NAEP Grade 8 Reading exam, Utah students performed slightly

above the national percentages with 78% and 33% scoring at or above basic and proficient compared to the national average of 75% and 32% respectively.

Geography and Environment

The highest recorded temperature in Utah through 2003 was 117 degrees (F) in St. George on July 5, 1985. The lowest was -69 degrees (F) in Peter's Sink on February 1, 1985, which is the third coldest temperature recorded in the nation behind Prospect Creek, AK - 80 degrees (F), and Rogers Pass, MT -70 degrees (F).

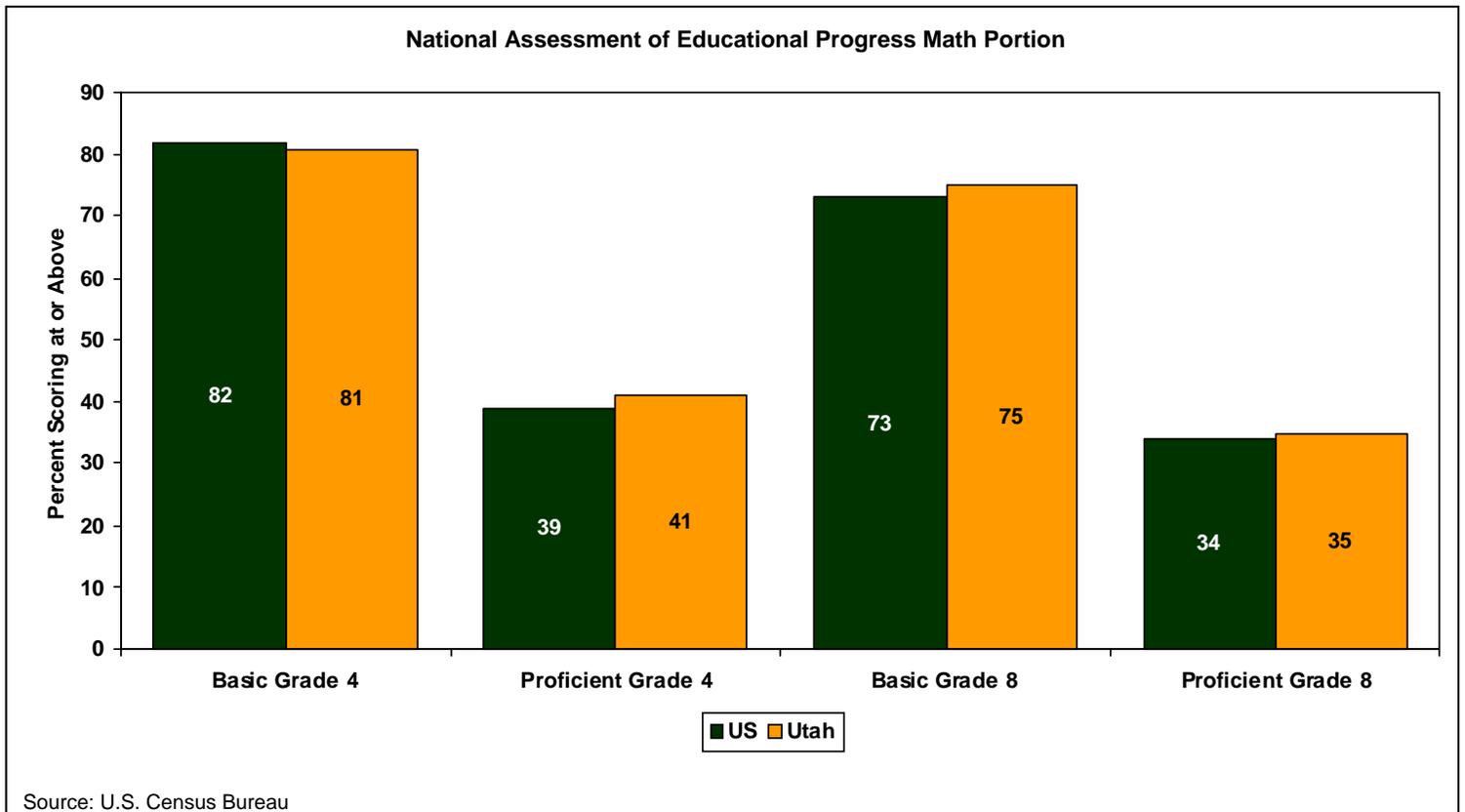
Housing

In 2009, Utah had a home ownership rate of 74.1 compared to a national rate of 67.4. Utah's home ownership rate was the tenth highest in the nation, with West Virginia topping the list with a home ownership rate of 77.8. In 2008 the Utah median home price was \$236,000, compared to the national median home price of \$197,600. Compared to the median home prices of other states, Utah has the 18th highest median home price in the nation.

Social Insurance & Human Services

There was \$189.9 billion given in individual charitable contributions from 41.1 million returns in the United States in 2007. This averages to \$4,623 per return. Wyoming had the largest average of individual charitable contributions with \$11,011, followed by South Dakota (\$7,807), the District of Columbia (\$7,770), and Utah (\$7,741).

For more information visit the U.S. Census Bureau Statistical Abstract website at <http://www.census.gov/compendia/statab>.



Actual and Estimated Indicators for Utah and the U.S.: June 2011

| ECONOMIC INDICATORS | UNITS | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | PERCENT CHANGE | | | |
|--|------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------------|-------|-------|------|
| | | ACTUAL | ACTUAL | ESTIMATE | FORECAST | FORECAST | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 |
| PRODUCTION AND SPENDING | | | | | | | | | | |
| U.S. Real Gross Domestic Product | Billion Chained \$2005 | 13,228.9 | 12,880.6 | 13,248.2 | 13,582.8 | 13,947.4 | -2.6 | 2.9 | 2.5 | 2.7 |
| U.S. Real Personal Consumption | Billion Chained \$2005 | 9,265.0 | 9,153.9 | 9,313.6 | 9,550.5 | 9,778.9 | -1.2 | 1.7 | 2.5 | 2.4 |
| U.S. Real Private Fixed Investment | Billion Chained \$2005 | 1,997.0 | 1,630.6 | 1,694.8 | 1,804.7 | 1,965.6 | -18.3 | 3.9 | 6.5 | 8.9 |
| U.S. Real Federal Defense Spending | Billion Chained \$2005 | 657.7 | 693.0 | 720.3 | 712.9 | 686.4 | 5.4 | 3.9 | -1.0 | -3.7 |
| U.S. Real Exports | Billion Chained \$2005 | 1,647.7 | 1,490.7 | 1,665.5 | 1,814.0 | 1,990.4 | -9.5 | 11.7 | 8.9 | 9.7 |
| Utah Exports (NAICS, Census) | Million Dollars | 10,296.0 | 10,330.0 | 13,572.5 | 16,100.0 | 17,200.0 | 0.3 | 31.4 | 18.6 | 6.8 |
| Utah Coal Production | Million Tons | 24.3 | 21.9 | 19.4 | 20.3 | 22.1 | -9.7 | -11.5 | 4.6 | 8.9 |
| Utah Crude Oil Production | Million Barrels | 22.0 | 22.9 | 24.7 | 25.5 | 26.0 | 4.1 | 7.5 | 3.4 | 2.0 |
| Utah Natural Gas Production Sales | Billion Cubic Feet | 402.0 | 405.6 | 387.6 | 395.0 | 400.0 | 0.9 | -4.4 | 1.9 | 1.3 |
| Utah Copper Mined Production | Million Pounds | 629.0 | 619.8 | 566.4 | 581.6 | 578.8 | -1.5 | -8.6 | 2.7 | -0.5 |
| Utah Molybdenum Production | Million Pounds | 29.6 | 23.1 | 28.4 | 30.5 | 29.2 | -21.8 | 23.0 | 7.1 | -4.3 |
| SALES AND CONSTRUCTION | | | | | | | | | | |
| U.S. New Auto and Truck Sales | Millions | 13.2 | 10.4 | 11.5 | 12.7 | 14.6 | -21.2 | 11.0 | 10.1 | 14.7 |
| U.S. Housing Starts | Millions | 0.90 | 0.55 | 0.58 | 0.59 | 0.84 | -38.4 | 5.6 | 0.6 | 42.4 |
| U.S. Private Residential Investment | Billion Dollars | 472.5 | 352.1 | 340.5 | 339.2 | 396.7 | -25.5 | -3.3 | -0.4 | 16.9 |
| U.S. Nonresidential Structures | Billion Dollars | 582.5 | 451.6 | 383.6 | 396.2 | 393.3 | -22.5 | -15.1 | 3.3 | -0.7 |
| U.S. Home Price Index (FHFA) | 1980Q1 = 100 | 361.3 | 345.0 | 332.8 | 311.7 | 310.6 | -4.5 | -3.5 | -6.4 | -0.3 |
| U.S. Nontaxable & Taxable Retail Sales | Billion Dollars | 4,401.3 | 4,093.2 | 4,353.7 | 4,699.5 | 4,942.2 | -7.0 | 6.4 | 7.9 | 5.2 |
| Utah New Auto and Truck Sales | Thousands | 90.9 | 66.2 | 69.1 | 75.4 | 86.0 | -27.1 | 4.4 | 9.1 | 14.1 |
| Utah Dwelling Unit Permits | Thousands | 10.6 | 10.5 | 9.3 | 8.0 | 11.0 | -1.1 | -11.3 | -14.0 | 37.5 |
| Utah Residential Permit Value | Million Dollars | 1,876.2 | 1,674.0 | 1,667.0 | 1,450.0 | 2,000.0 | -10.8 | -0.4 | -13.0 | 37.9 |
| Utah Nonresidential Permit Value | Million Dollars | 1,915.5 | 1,054.3 | 925.1 | 950.0 | 950.0 | -45.0 | -12.3 | 2.7 | 0.0 |
| Utah Additions, Alterations and Repairs | Million Dollars | 789.0 | 660.1 | 672.0 | 650.0 | 650.0 | -16.3 | 1.8 | -3.3 | 0.0 |
| Utah Home Price Index (FHFA) | 1980Q1 = 100 | 373.6 | 346.5 | 326.9 | 315.4 | 312.3 | -7.2 | -5.7 | -3.5 | -1.0 |
| Utah Taxable Retail Sales | Million Dollars | 26,489 | 25,600 | 25,239 | 26,476 | 27,826 | -3.4 | -1.4 | 4.9 | 5.1 |
| DEMOGRAPHICS AND SENTIMENT | | | | | | | | | | |
| U.S. July 1st Population | Millions | 305.2 | 307.8 | 310.8 | 313.8 | 316.9 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| U.S. Consumer Sentiment (U of M) | Diffusion Index | 63.8 | 66.3 | 71.8 | 74.4 | 77.9 | 3.9 | 8.4 | 3.6 | 4.7 |
| Utah July 1st Population (UPEC) | Thousands | 2,694.3 | 2,735.1 | 2,774.5 | 2,815.0 | 2,855.0 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.4 |
| Utah Net Migration (UPEC) | Thousands | 13.5 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 3.5 | 5.0 | | | | |
| PROFITS AND RESOURCE PRICES | | | | | | | | | | |
| U.S. Corporate Before Tax Profits | Billion Dollars | 1,333.2 | 1,316.7 | 1,801.1 | 1,885.2 | 1,977.3 | -1.2 | 36.8 | 4.7 | 4.9 |
| U.S. Corporate Profit [above less Fed. Res.] | Billion Dollars | 1,298.1 | 1,269.4 | 1,742.9 | 1,823.3 | 1,919.4 | -2.2 | 37.3 | 4.6 | 5.3 |
| West Texas Intermediate Crude Oil | \$ Per Barrel | 99.6 | 61.7 | 79.4 | 105.9 | 109.2 | -38.1 | 28.7 | 33.3 | 3.1 |
| U.S. Coal Producer Price Index | 1982 = 100 | 161.6 | 182.1 | 189.3 | 199.0 | 202.7 | 12.7 | 3.9 | 5.1 | 1.9 |
| Utah Coal Prices | \$ Per Short Ton | 27.8 | 28.4 | 30.8 | 32.0 | 35.0 | 2.2 | 8.3 | 4.0 | 9.4 |
| Utah Oil Prices | \$ Per Barrel | 86.6 | 50.2 | 68.1 | 93.0 | 97.0 | -42.0 | 35.6 | 36.6 | 4.3 |
| Utah Natural Gas Prices | \$ Per MCF | 6.15 | 3.38 | 4.00 | 4.10 | 4.50 | -45.0 | 18.3 | 2.5 | 9.8 |
| Utah Copper Prices | \$ Per Pound | 3.16 | 2.34 | 3.49 | 4.10 | 3.75 | -25.9 | 49.1 | 17.5 | -8.5 |
| Utah Molybdenum Prices | \$ Per Pound | 30.0 | 11.5 | 15.9 | 16.5 | 15.0 | -61.6 | 37.9 | 3.8 | -9.1 |
| INFLATION AND INTEREST RATES | | | | | | | | | | |
| U.S. CPI Urban Consumers (BLS) | 1982-84 = 100 | 215.3 | 214.5 | 218.1 | 224.7 | 228.5 | -0.3 | 1.6 | 3.0 | 1.7 |
| U.S. GDP Chained Price Index (BEA) | 2005 = 100 | 108.6 | 109.6 | 110.7 | 112.5 | 113.9 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 1.7 | 1.3 |
| U.S. Federal Funds Rate (FRB) | Effective Rate | 1.93 | 0.16 | 0.18 | 0.14 | 0.99 | | | | |
| U.S. 3-Month Treasury Bills (FRB) | Discount Rate | 1.40 | 0.15 | 0.14 | 0.11 | 1.14 | | | | |
| U.S. 10-Year Treasury Notes (FRB) | Yield (%) | 3.67 | 3.26 | 3.21 | 3.27 | 3.67 | | | | |
| 30 Year Mortgage Rate (FHLMC) | Percent | 6.04 | 5.04 | 4.69 | 4.76 | 5.11 | | | | |
| EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES | | | | | | | | | | |
| U.S. Establishment Employment (BLS) | Millions | 136.8 | 130.8 | 129.8 | 131.4 | 133.5 | -4.4 | -0.7 | 1.2 | 1.6 |
| U.S. Average Annual Pay (BLS) | Dollars | 47,954 | 47,971 | 49,290 | 50,507 | 52,013 | 0.0 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 3.0 |
| U.S. Total Wages & Salaries (BLS) | Billion Dollars | 6,559.1 | 6,274.1 | 6,398.9 | 6,637.0 | 6,946.2 | -4.3 | 2.0 | 3.7 | 4.7 |
| Utah Nonagricultural Employment (DWS) | Thousands | 1,252.5 | 1,188.7 | 1,181.5 | 1,201.7 | 1,229.4 | -5.1 | -0.6 | 1.7 | 2.3 |
| Utah Average Annual Pay (DWS) | Dollars | 37,456 | 38,059 | 38,665 | 39,581 | 40,776 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 2.4 | 3.0 |
| Utah Total Nonagriculture Wages (DWS) | Million Dollars | 46,913 | 45,242 | 45,684 | 47,564 | 50,130 | -3.6 | 1.0 | 4.1 | 5.4 |
| INCOME AND UNEMPLOYMENT | | | | | | | | | | |
| U.S. Personal Income (BEA) | Billion Dollars | 12,391 | 12,175 | 12,541 | 13,150 | 13,628 | -1.7 | 3.0 | 4.9 | 3.6 |
| U.S. Unemployment Rate (BLS) | Percent | 5.8 | 9.3 | 9.6 | 8.8 | 8.4 | | | | |
| Utah Personal Income (BEA) | Million Dollars | 88,792 | 87,947 | 90,090 | 94,856 | 98,669 | -1.0 | 2.4 | 5.3 | 4.0 |
| Utah Unemployment Rate (DWS) | Percent | 3.7 | 6.6 | 7.6 | 7.4 | 6.7 | | | | |

Sources: State of Utah Revenue Assumptions Committee, Moody's Economy.Com, and IHS Global Insight.

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The Demographic and Economic Analysis (DEA) section supports the mission of the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget to improve decision making by providing economic and demographic data and analysis to the governor and to individuals from state agencies, other government entities, businesses, academia, and the public. As part of this mission, DEA functions as the lead agency in Utah for the U.S. Census Bureau's State Data and Business and Industry Data Center (SDC/BIDC) programs. While the 34 SDC and BIDC affiliates listed in this newsletter have specific areas of expertise, they can also provide assistance to data users in accessing Census and other data sources.

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To subscribe to this quarterly newsletter, and for assistance accessing other demographic and economic data, contact the State Data Center. This newsletter and other data are available via the Internet at DEA's web site:

www.governor.utah.gov/dea