

# Utah Data Guide

A Newsletter for Data Users

Utah State Data Center  
Governor's Office of Planning & Budget  
Demographic & Economic Analysis

## CENSUS ACCEPTS CHALLENGES to CITY ESTIMATES

The Bureau of the Census prepares estimates of total population for states, counties and other units of general purpose government. In Utah these population estimates are used by the Utah Department of Transportation and the Utah State Tax Commission to distribute local option sales taxes, and road monies among cities and counties. These units of government have the right to challenge the population estimates if they feel an estimate is inaccurate. The challenge procedure requires the state or local government to provide data indicative of population change. The Bureau of the Census then reviews the challenges to decide if the population estimate should be changed.

Several Utah cities challenged the July 1, 1996 estimates. The Bureau of the Census has now accepted nine of these challenges and has several others pending. Listed below are those towns and cities whose challenges were accepted. The change of a population estimate for a town or city also changes the county and state population estimates.

For information about the challenge procedure visit the web site of the Census Bureau's Federal State Cooperative for Population Estimates, the address is:  
[www.census.gov/population/www/coop/chlgctpl.html](http://www.census.gov/population/www/coop/chlgctpl.html)

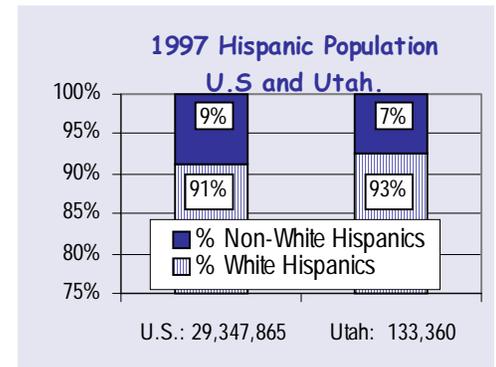
### Changes to 1996 Population Estimates

Place	County	Previous Estimate	New Population Estimate	% chg
Alta	Salt Lake	400	407	1.8
Cedar Hills	Utah	883	1,649	86.7
Clearfield	Davis	22,153	22,591	2.0
Enterprise	Washington	1,110	1,493	34.5
Hyde Park	Cache	2,220	2,693	21.3
LaVerkin	Washington	2,684	3,000	11.8
Nibley	Cache	1,269	1,480	16.6
North Salt Lake	Davis	7,396	7,759	4.9
West Haven	Weber	2,278	2,611	14.6

## RACE and HISPANIC ORIGIN ESTIMATES from the BUREAU of the CENSUS

Estimates of the population of the U.S., states and counties by race and Hispanic Origin are available from the U.S. Census Bureau. Annual estimates are provided for the years 1990 to 1997 at the Census Bureau web site:  
[www.census.gov/population/www/estimates/popest.html](http://www.census.gov/population/www/estimates/popest.html)

The race and Hispanic origin categories used by the Census Bureau are mandated by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB). The OMB requires the use of four race categories: White, Black, American Indian and Alaska Native, Asian and Pacific Islander; and two ethnicity categories: Hispanic and non-Hispanic. This system treats race and ethnicity as separate and independent categories. Everyone is classified as both a member of one of the four race groups and as either Hispanic or non-Hispanic. The Hispanic population is predominately White (see figure). The number of Hispanics in other race categories is relatively small and difficult to estimate accurately. The Census Bureau divides only the White category by ethnicity for estimates at the state and county level.



The table on the following page shows 1990 and 1997 estimates for the state and the counties in Utah. While the population for the state has grown by 19%, the population of Hispanics has grown by 57%. The population of Asian and Pacific Islanders has also had strong growth of 48%. However, as a percentage of total population the change is not so dramatic. In 1990, 4.8% of the population was Hispanic, and in 1997, 6.5%. In 1990, 2% of the population was categorized as Asian and Pacific Islander, in 1997 the proportion had grown to 2.5%.

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# 1990 and 1997 Bureau of the Census Race Estimates by County

	Total			Total Hispanic			White			Black			American Indian			Asian and Pacific Islander		
	1990	1997	% chg	1990	1997	% chg	1990	1997	% chg	1990	1997	% chg	1990	1997	% chg	1990	1997	% chg
UTAH	1,729,772	2,059,148	19.0	85,158	133,360	56.6	1,653,243	1,961,673	18.7	17,244	17,543	1.7	24,901	29,069	16.7	34,384	50,863	47.9
% of Utah Total	100.0	100.0		4.9	6.5		95.6	95.3		1.0	0.9		1.4	1.4		2.0	2.5	
Beaver	4,767	5,861	22.9	120	203	69.2	4,701	5,781	23.0	5	6	20.0	42	44	4.8	19	30	57.9
Box Elder	36,579	41,102	12.4	1,620	2,446	51.0	35,733	39,974	11.9	19	26	36.8	415	490	18.1	412	612	48.5
Cache	70,402	84,818	20.5	1,796	2,893	61.1	67,597	80,894	19.7	350	327	-6.6	560	654	16.8	1,895	2,943	55.3
Carbon	20,154	20,932	3.9	2,245	3,083	37.3	19,750	20,458	3.6	130	107	-17.7	161	204	26.7	113	163	44.2
Daggett	696	754	8.3	15	21	40.0	682	734	7.6	0	0	-	9	13	44.4	5	7	40.0
Davis	188,899	226,062	19.7	7,348	11,827	61.0	182,099	216,385	18.8	2,518	3,213	27.6	965	1,330	37.8	3,317	5,134	54.8
Duchesne	12,615	14,442	14.5	352	559	58.8	11,891	13,554	14.0	10	26	160.0	675	798	18.2	39	64	64.1
Emery	10,313	10,875	5.4	219	343	56.6	10,221	10,747	5.1	10	17	70.0	44	59	34.1	38	52	36.8
Garfield	3,959	4,205	6.2	35	55	57.1	3,877	4,116	6.2	0	1	-	74	76	2.7	8	12	50.0
Grand	6,617	8,118	22.7	286	502	75.5	6,381	7,820	22.6	11	18	63.6	200	238	19.0	25	42	68.0
Iron	20,869	27,747	33.0	382	675	76.7	20,068	26,703	33.1	108	74	-31.5	599	793	32.4	94	177	88.3
Juab	5,813	7,248	24.7	70	130	85.7	5,715	7,112	24.4	2	7	250.0	86	109	26.7	10	20	100.0
Kane	5,169	5,828	12.7	101	156	54.5	5,057	5,703	12.8	9	5	-44.4	78	89	14.1	25	31	24.0
Millard	11,312	12,320	8.9	400	605	51.3	10,999	11,948	8.6	2	10	400.0	205	218	6.3	106	144	35.8
Morgan	5,551	6,905	24.4	78	141	80.8	5,519	6,855	24.2	9	12	33.3	8	11	37.5	15	27	80.0
Piute	1,272	1,391	9.4	15	20	33.3	1,262	1,378	9.2	0	0	-	9	12	33.3	1	1	0.0
Rich	1,732	1,816	4.8	21	62	195.2	1,721	1,768	2.7	4	19	375.0	1	10	900.0	6	19	216.7
Salt Lake	729,059	839,896	15.2	43,715	67,554	54.5	693,063	793,754	14.5	8,849	8,958	1.2	6,465	7,417	14.7	20,682	29,767	43.9
San Juan	12,709	13,688	7.7	435	624	43.4	5,771	6,302	9.2	18	19	5.6	6,880	7,320	6.4	40	47	17.5
Sanpete	16,319	20,893	28.0	565	1,160	105.3	15,849	20,069	26.6	55	72	30.9	165	362	119.4	250	390	56.0
Sevier	15,446	18,064	16.9	286	496	73.4	15,054	17,626	17.1	39	23	-41.0	327	373	14.1	26	42	61.5
Summit	15,771	25,752	63.3	322	740	129.8	15,605	25,420	62.9	24	34	41.7	65	127	95.4	77	171	122.1
Tooele	26,675	31,410	17.8	2,977	4,551	52.9	25,723	30,274	17.7	308	305	-1.0	422	487	15.4	222	344	55.0
Uintah	22,300	25,513	14.4	689	1,067	54.9	19,832	22,640	14.2	38	22	-42.1	2,346	2,716	15.8	84	135	60.7
Utah	264,626	328,142	24.0	8,650	14,013	62.0	257,433	318,814	23.8	1,095	578	-47.2	1,998	2,397	20.0	4,100	6,353	55.0
Wasatch	10,136	12,788	26.2	252	426	69.0	10,003	12,629	26.3	43	13	-69.8	71	103	45.1	19	43	126.3
Washington	49,139	78,614	60.0	897	1,887	110.4	47,842	76,723	60.4	255	128	-49.8	723	1,116	54.4	319	647	102.8
Wayne	2,188	2,368	8.2	49	54	10.2	2,103	2,316	10.1	32	12	-62.5	46	38	-17.4	7	2	-71.4
Weber	158,685	181,596	14.4	11,218	17,067	52.1	151,692	173,176	14.2	3,301	3,511	6.4	1,262	1,465	16.1	2,430	3,444	41.7

Note: Persons of Hispanic Origin may be of any race.  
 An explanation of the categories used in this table can be found on the Bureau of the Census web site at [www.census.gov/population/estimates/rho.txt](http://www.census.gov/population/estimates/rho.txt)  
 These statistics were derived from the data set released as PE-64, "Estimates of the Population of Counties by Age, Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin: 1990 to 1997" by the U.S. Bureau of the Census. State-level data is also available as PE-65, "Estimates of the Population of States by Age, Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin."  
 The estimates presented here were produced by a method which is still in a developmental stage. The estimates may not be accurate for populations which are very small or have unusual distributions, and they may not reflect recent changes in the distribution of the Hispanic population. These figures should be used with an understanding of the limitations.

# COUNTDOWN to CENSUS DAY!

April 1, 2000 is just 17 months away. Here is an outline of activities that will take place prior to and following Census 2000:

## 1998

October-December

- Major metro local census offices open
- Local review of address materials (through early 1999)
- Address listing operation in rural areas continues
- **Begin to form Local Complete Count Committees**

## 1999

January-March

- Complete Count Committees activities begin
- Local government address review process continues

February-June

- Field check of all urban addresses

October-December

- Remaining local census offices open

## 2000

January-March

- Publicity campaign begins
- Recruiting
- Special population counts

March

- Questionnaires delivered (by mail or door-to-door)
- Enumeration in rural or remote areas

**APRIL 1, 2000  
CENSUS DAY!**

April-May 30

- Be counted campaign
- Non-response follow-up
- Quality check survey conducted

December 1, 2000

- Count of U.S. by states delivered to the President with reapportionment counts

## Local Complete Count Committees Forming For Census 2000

On April 1, 2000 the next decennial census will be taken. In order to ensure that every Utahn is counted, it is important that community-based organizations, state, local and tribal governments help promote the 2000 Census. These groups know their local area better than the Census Bureau and have current information about local situations. Partnerships between the Census Bureau and organizations representing different populations and interest groups will allow Census 2000 to benefit from new insights and information. This kind of approach will help formalize, expand and continue many of the long-standing partnerships the Census Bureau has developed over the years.

For Census 2000, the Census Bureau is offering state, local, and tribal governments the opportunity to participate in a number of programs and activities that will contribute to a more accurate count. One of these programs, the Complete Count Committee Program, is a cooperative effort between governments and the Census Bureau to incorporate local knowledge, expertise, influence and resources to enhance census efforts in data collection, recruiting, and promotional activities.

Established by the highest-elected local government official, Complete Count Committees are comprised of key influential community leaders including representatives from government, education, media, community and religious organizations, and businesses. The Complete Count Committee embodies the importance of cooperative efforts between state, local, and tribal governments; the communities; and the Census Bureau.

The Governor's Office of Planning and Budget will be organizing a Complete Count Committee with representatives from a variety of state agencies and organization. The Committee will support data collection activities of the Census Bureau, in addition to assisting in recruiting and promotional activities.

The [Census 2000 Complete Count Committee Handbook](#) provides guidelines for the active involvement of local government officials and community leaders in promoting the census. The handbook suggests a structure for organizing a local campaign, provides a listing of activities governments can implement, and furnishes a timetable for these activities. To obtain a free copy of the handbook, contact the Utah State Data Center at (801) 538-1036.

*Lisa Hillman* is a Research Analyst in the Demographic and Economic Analysis section of the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget. She will serve as the Governor's liaison for Census 2000. Lisa also serves as a point of contact for the Utah State Data Center, housed in the Office Planning and Budget. If you would like more information about Utah's Census 2000 efforts or how to form your own Local Complete Count Committee, please contact Lisa at (801)537-9013, or via e-mail at [lhillman@gov.state.ut.us](mailto:lhillman@gov.state.ut.us).

**United States  
Census  
2000**

## CURRENT ECONOMIC CONDITIONS and OUTLOOK

Growth in Utah's economy is slowing, partially due to the turmoil in the international economy. At the same time, however, average annual pay in Utah is increasing. When adjusted for inflation, average pay growth in Utah has been stronger over the past 4 year period than at anytime since 1977. This strong growth in inflation-adjusted pay is expected to continue through 2000 due to a tight labor market and low unemployment rates.

Utah continues to experience positive net in-migration. Utah also continues the trend of higher job growth rates and lower unemployment rates than the national average:

- In 1997 Utah's employment growth rate was 4.2%, while the U.S. average was only 2.6%.
- In 1998 Utah's growth rate is expected to slow to 3.0%, while the national rate should slow to 2.4%.
- In 1997 the Utah unemployment rate was 3.1%, while the nation experienced a 4.9% unemployment rate.
- In 1998 Utah's rate should increase slightly to 3.3% while the nation's rate should decrease slightly to 4.5%.

### Income Measures

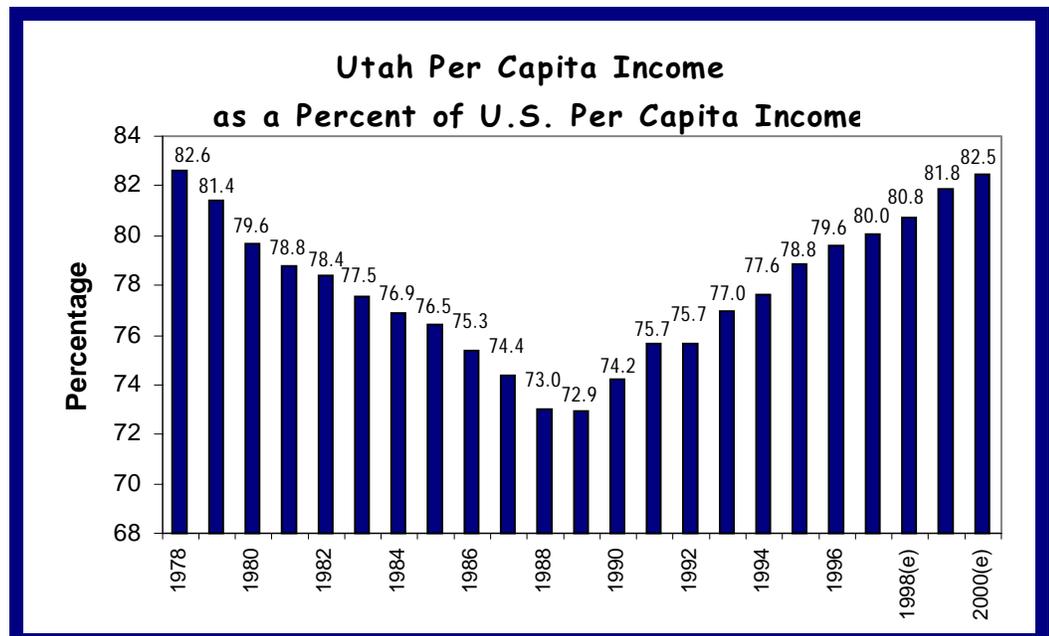
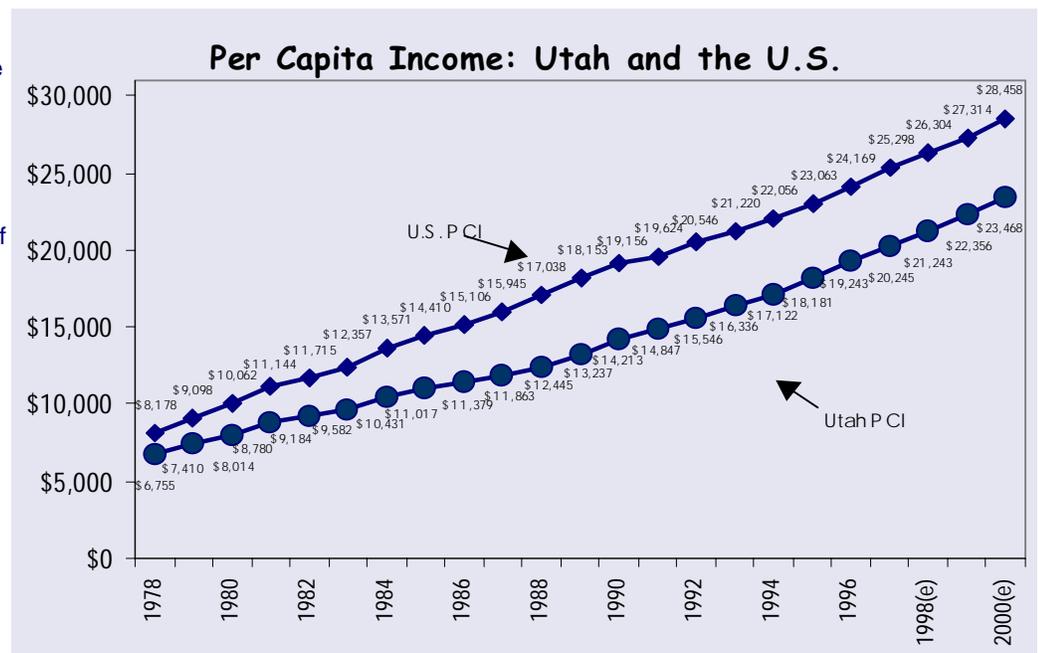
Median household and per capita income data was released recently by the U.S. Department of Commerce. This data shows that Utah continues to have median household income that is significantly above the national average. Utah's 1997 median household income of \$42,775 was more than 15% (or about \$5,700) higher than the national average of \$37,005. On the other hand, Utah's 1997 per capita income of \$20,246 was about \$5,000 less than the national average of \$25,298. The disparity in these income measures is due to the level of average pay in Utah; and the number of married couples with children in Utah compared to the nation.

Utah's per capita income is lower than the nation's per capita income for a couple of reasons. First, 1996 average pay (the latest data available) in Utah ranked 33<sup>rd</sup> in the nation at 84.9% of the U.S. average. Second, Utahns have more children in comparison with the other states. Utah ranked 1<sup>st</sup> in the nation for the percentage of the population under 18 at 33.9%, the U.S. average is 26.1%, according to the 1996 estimates by the U.S. Bureau of the Census. Utah's 1996 average household size also lead the nation with 3.08 persons per household compared to the U.S. average of 2.62. Statistics from the 1990 Census show Utah ranks 1<sup>st</sup> in the percent of the population in family households at 88.5%, compared to the U.S. at 83.7%.

Even though Utah's per capita income is lower than the national average, it has shown steady growth

over the past eight years. Bureau of Economic Analysis data shows that in 1989 Utah's per capita income was 72.9% of the U.S. average, but by 1997 it had increased to 80%. This growth trend should continue through the year 2000.

While Utah's per capita income in 1997 ranked low (43<sup>rd</sup> in the nation), its median household income ranked 9<sup>th</sup> in the nation. Part of the disparity between the rankings for per capita income and median household income can be explained by Utah's high percentage of married couples with children. According to the 1990 census, Utah ranked 1<sup>st</sup> in the percent of married couple families at 64.8%, while the U.S. average was 55.1%. Many married couples earn two incomes and combine their resources. This, in turn, raises the median household income. See the tables on the following pages for economic indicators, and income data by state.



## Utah &amp; U.S. Actual and Estimated Economic Indicators: Oct 1998

ECONOMIC INDICATORS	Units	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	% chg	% chg	% chg	% chg
		Actual	Actual	Estimate	Forecast	Forecast	1996-97	1997-98	1998-99	1999-00
<b>PRODUCTION AND SPENDING</b>										
U.S. Real Gross Domestic Product	Billion Chained \$92	6,995	7,270	7,517	7,698	7,844	3.9	3.4	2.4	1.9
U.S. Real Personal Consumption	Billion Chained \$92	4,752.4	4,913.5	5,129.7	5,252.8	5,373.6	3.4	4.4	2.4	2.3
U.S. Real Fixed Investment	Billion Chained \$92	1,050.6	1,138.0	1,271.1	1,329.6	1,369.5	8.3	11.7	4.6	3.0
U.S. Real Defense Spending	Billion Chained \$92	319.1	308.9	298.1	297.8	297.8	-3.2	-3.5	-0.1	0.0
U.S. Real Exports	Billion Chained \$92	860.0	970.0	976.8	998.3	1,067.2	12.8	0.7	2.2	6.9
Utah Coal Production	Million Tons	27.1	26.4	28.4	29.5	30.7	-2.4	7.6	3.9	4.0
Utah Oil Production Sales	Million Barrels	19.4	19.6	19.7	19.9	20.0	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.7
Utah Natural Gas Production Sales	Billion Cubic Feet	179.9	183.4	201.8	221.9	244.1	1.9	10.0	10.0	10.0
Utah Copper Mined Production	Million Pounds	656.3	672.6	660.0	650.0	670.0	2.5	-1.9	-1.5	3.1
<b>SALES AND CONSTRUCTION</b>										
U.S. New Auto and Truck Sales	Millions	15.0	15.0	15.0	14.8	15.1	0.0	0.0	-1.3	2.0
U.S. Housing Starts	Millions	1.47	1.48	1.58	1.47	1.42	0.7	6.8	-7.0	-3.4
U.S. Residential Construction	Billion Dollars	311.9	327.9	364.0	368.0	369.4	5.1	11.0	1.1	0.4
U.S. Nonresidential Structures	Billion Dollars	217.0	240.2	246.7	251.1	261.9	10.7	2.7	1.8	4.3
U.S. Repeat-Sales House Price Index	1980Q1=100	198.6	206.9	217.2	226.8	236.1	4.2	5.0	4.4	4.1
U.S. Existing S.F. Home Prices (NAR)	Thousand Dollars	118.2	124.1	131.5	137.3	142.9	5.0	6.0	4.4	4.1
U.S. Retail Sales	Billion Dollars	2,455.2	2,568.2	2,699.2	2,804.4	2,944.7	4.6	5.1	3.9	5.0
Utah New Auto and Truck Sales	Thousands	82.6	82.4	81.4	80.3	79.5	-0.2	-1.2	-1.3	-1.0
Utah Dwelling Unit Permits	Thousands	23.7	20.7	20.0	18.5	17.0	-12.8	-3.4	-7.5	-8.1
Utah Residential Permit Value	Million Dollars	2,104.5	1,943.5	2,000.0	1,850.0	1,750.0	-7.7	2.9	-7.5	-5.4
Utah Nonresidential Permit Value	Million Dollars	951.8	1,371.0	572.2	760.0	750.0	44.0	-58.3	32.8	-1.3
Utah Repeat-Sales House Price Index	1980Q1=100	213.6	229.3	240.7	249.1	257.6	7.3	5.0	3.5	3.4
Utah Existing S.F. Home Prices (NAR)	Thousand Dollars	122.7	128.6	133.7	138.4	143.1	4.8	4.0	3.5	3.4
Utah Taxable Retail Sales	Million Dollars	14,413	14,873	15,542	16,366	16,988	3.2	4.5	5.3	3.8
<b>DEMOGRAPHICS AND SENTIMENT</b>										
U.S. Fiscal Year Population (CENSUS)	Millions	265.2	267.6	270.0	272.5	274.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9
U.S. Consumer Sentiment of U.S.	1966=100	93.6	103.2	108.6	101.1	93.8	10.3	5.2	-6.9	-7.2
Utah F.Y. Population (UPEC)	Thousands	2,002	2,049	2,087	2,120	2,156	2.3	1.8	1.6	1.7
Utah F.Y. Net Migration (UPEC)	Thousands	13.6	15.0	6.2	2.2	4.2	na	na	na	na
Utah F.Y. Population (CENSUS)	Thousands	2,018	2,059	2,094	2,125	2,158	2.0	1.7	1.5	1.5
Utah F.Y. Net Migration (CENSUS)	Thousands	13.8	10.5	3.4	-0.4	1.6	na	na	na	na
Utah Consumer Sentiment of Utah	1966=100	105.3	106.6	108.9	101.4	94.1	1.2	2.2	-6.9	-7.2
<b>PROFITS AND RESOURCE PRICES</b>										
U.S. Corporate Profits Before Tax	Billion Dollars	679.0	741.3	719.1	688.1	669.6	9.2	-3.0	-4.3	-2.7
U.S. Domestic Profits Less Fed. Reserve	Billion Dollars	560.8	618.9	595.4	559.5	529.1	10.4	-3.8	-6.0	-5.4
U.S. Oil Refinery Acquisition Cost	\$ Per Barrel	20.7	19.1	14.5	15.4	17.5	-7.6	-24.4	6.8	13.7
U.S. Coal Price Index	1982=100	94.5	96.3	94.2	94.8	95.3	1.9	-2.2	0.7	0.5
Utah Coal Prices	\$ Per Short Ton	18.5	18.3	18.6	18.9	19.2	-0.9	1.4	1.6	1.6
Utah Oil Prices	\$ Per Barrel	21.1	18.6	15.0	15.3	15.6	-12.0	-19.2	2.0	2.0
Utah Natural Gas Prices	\$ Per MCF	1.39	1.86	1.90	1.94	1.97	33.8	2.2	2.1	1.5
Utah Copper Prices	\$ Per Pound	0.98	0.98	0.76	0.77	0.78	-0.3	-22.3	1.3	1.3
<b>INFLATION AND INTEREST RATES</b>										
U.S. CPI Urban Consumers (BLS, NSA)	1982-84=100	156.9	160.5	163.2	167.0	171.0	2.3	1.7	2.3	2.4
U.S. GDP Chained Price Indexes	1992=100	109.5	111.6	112.8	114.9	117.4	1.9	1.1	1.8	2.2
U.S. Federal Funds Rate	Percent	5.30	5.46	5.51	5.25	5.25	na	na	na	na
U.S. 3-Month Treasury Bills	Percent	5.01	5.06	5.07	5.14	5.28	na	na	na	na
U.S. T-Bond Rate, 30-Year	Percent	6.70	6.61	5.55	5.26	5.40	na	na	na	na
U.S. Mortgage Rates, Fixed FHLMC	Percent	7.8	7.6	7.0	6.9	7.1	na	na	na	na
<b>EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES</b>										
U.S. Establishment Employment (BLS)	Millions	119.6	122.7	125.7	127.6	129.0	2.6	2.4	1.5	1.2
U.S. Average Annual Pay (BLS)	Dollars	28,945	30,219	31,450	32,716	34,122	4.4	4.1	4.0	4.3
U.S. Total Wages & Salaries (BLS)	Billion Dollars	3,462	3,707	3,952	4,173	4,403	7.1	6.6	5.6	5.5
Utah Nonagricultural Employment (WS)	Thousands	954.2	994.0	1,023.8	1,049.4	1,072.5	4.2	3.0	2.5	2.2
Utah Average Annual Pay (WS)	Dollars	24,198	25,367	26,382	27,490	28,671	4.8	4.0	4.2	4.3
Utah Total Nonagriculture Wages (WS)	Million Dollars	23,089	25,215	27,010	28,848	30,750	9.2	7.1	6.8	6.6
<b>INCOME AND UNEMPLOYMENT</b>										
U.S. Personal Income (BEA)	Billion Dollars	6,409	6,771	7,102	7,443	7,823	5.6	4.9	4.8	5.1
U.S. Unemployment Rate (BLS)	Percent	5.4	4.9	4.5	4.8	5.1	na	na	na	na
Utah Personal Income (BEA)	Million Dollars	38,825	41,689	44,483	47,507	50,643	7.4	6.7	6.8	6.6
Utah Adjusted Gross Income (UTC)	Million Dollars	29,389	32,090	34,121	36,269	38,585	9.2	6.3	6.3	6.4
Utah Unemployment Rate (WS)	Percent	3.5	3.1	3.3	3.5	3.6	na	na	na	na

Source: Council of Economic Advisors' Revenue Assumptions Committee (9/18/98)

## Median Household Income By State

State	1997	Rank	1996	Rank	1995	Rank	1994	Rank	1993
United States	\$37,005	-	\$35,492	-	\$34,076	-	\$32,264	-	\$31,241
District of Columbia	31,860	-	31,966	-	30,748	-	30,116	-	27,304
New Jersey	48,021	1	47,468	2	43,924	2	42,280	2	40,500
Alaska	47,994	2	52,779	1	47,954	1	45,367	1	42,931
Maryland	46,685	3	43,993	3	41,041	4	39,198	6	39,939
Washington	44,562	4	36,676	19	35,568	18	33,533	19	35,655
Connecticut	43,985	5	42,119	4	40,243	7	41,097	4	39,516
Colorado	43,233	6	40,950	7	40,706	6	37,833	7	34,488
Delaware	43,033	7	39,309	12	34,928	22	35,873	9	36,064
Virginia	42,957	8	39,211	14	36,222	16	37,647	8	36,433
Utah	42,775	9	37,038	17	36,480	13	35,716	12	35,786
Minnesota	42,564	10	40,991	6	37,933	11	33,644	18	33,682
Massachusetts	42,023	11	39,494	10	38,574	9	40,500	5	37,064
Illinois	41,283	12	39,554	9	38,071	10	35,081	17	32,857
New Hampshire	40,998	13	39,407	11	39,171	8	35,245	16	37,964
Hawaii	40,934	14	41,772	5	42,851	3	42,255	3	42,662
California	39,694	15	38,812	15	37,009	12	35,331	14	34,073
Wisconsin	39,595	16	40,001	8	40,955	5	35,388	13	31,766
Indiana	38,889	17	35,147	23	33,385	28	27,858	41	29,475
Nevada	38,854	18	38,540	16	36,084	17	35,871	10	35,814
Michigan	38,742	19	39,225	13	36,426	14	35,284	15	32,662
Pennsylvania	37,517	20	34,899	24	34,524	24	32,066	22	30,995
Oregon	37,247	21	35,492	21	36,374	15	31,456	29	33,138
Georgia	36,663	22	32,496	34	34,099	25	31,467	28	31,663
Missouri	36,553	23	34,265	28	34,825	23	30,190	33	28,682
Kansas	36,471	24	32,585	33	30,341	36	28,322	39	29,770
Ohio	36,134	25	34,070	29	34,941	21	31,855	25	31,285
North Carolina	35,840	26	35,601	20	31,979	33	30,114	34	28,820
New York	35,798	27	35,410	22	33,028	29	31,899	24	31,697
Texas	35,075	28	33,072	32	32,039	32	30,755	31	28,727
Vermont	35,053	29	32,358	36	33,824	27	35,802	11	31,065
Rhode Island	34,797	30	36,986	18	35,359	20	31,928	23	33,509
Nebraska	34,692	31	34,014	30	32,929	30	31,794	26	31,008
South Carolina	34,262	32	34,665	27	29,071	41	29,846	35	26,053
Iowa	33,783	33	33,209	31	35,519	19	33,079	21	28,663
Kentucky	33,452	34	32,413	35	29,810	37	26,595	46	24,376
Wyoming	33,423	35	30,953	39	31,529	34	33,140	20	29,442
Idaho	33,404	36	34,709	25	32,676	31	31,536	27	31,010
Louisiana	33,260	37	30,262	43	27,949	43	25,676	47	26,312
Maine	32,772	38	34,696	26	33,858	26	30,316	32	27,438
Arizona	32,740	39	31,637	37	30,863	35	31,293	30	30,510
Florida	32,455	40	30,641	41	29,745	38	29,294	37	28,550
Alabama	31,939	41	30,302	42	25,991	47	27,196	43	25,082
North Dakota	31,661	42	31,470	38	29,089	40	28,278	40	28,118
Oklahoma	31,351	43	27,437	46	26,311	46	26,991	44	26,260
Tennessee	30,636	44	30,790	40	29,015	42	28,639	38	25,102
New Mexico	30,086	45	25,086	50	25,991	48	26,905	45	26,758
South Dakota	29,694	46	29,526	44	29,578	39	29,733	36	27,737
Montana	29,212	47	28,684	45	27,757	44	27,631	42	26,470
Mississippi	28,499	48	26,677	48	26,538	45	25,400	49	22,191
West Virginia	27,488	49	25,247	49	24,880	50	23,564	50	22,421
Arkansas	26,162	50	27,123	47	25,814	49	25,565	48	23,039
Utah as a % of U.S	115.6%		104.4%		107.1%		110.7%		114.5%

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census

## Per Capita Income By State

State	1997	Rank	1996	Rank	1995	Rank	1994	Rank	1993	Rank
United States	\$25,298	-	\$24,169	-	\$23,063	-	\$22,056	-	\$21,220	-
Dist. of Columbia	35,290	-	33,830	-	32,197	-	31,205	-	29,921	-
Connecticut	35,954	1	33,835	1	32,073	1	30,269	1	29,201	1
New Jersey	32,233	2	30,901	2	29,581	2	28,351	2	27,474	2
Massachusetts	31,207	3	29,559	3	28,073	3	26,426	3	25,335	4
New York	30,299	4	29,055	4	27,578	4	26,239	4	25,373	3
Maryland	28,671	5	27,305	5	26,115	5	25,313	5	24,275	5
Delaware	28,433	6	27,291	6	25,666	6	24,549	6	23,605	7
Illinois	27,929	7	26,603	7	25,297	8	24,072	9	22,979	8
New Hampshire	27,806	8	26,490	8	25,341	7	24,110	8	22,719	9
Colorado	27,015	9	25,618	10	24,290	11	23,001	13	22,109	14
Nevada	26,553	10	25,876	9	24,525	10	23,377	11	22,384	12
Washington	26,412	11	24,964	15	23,664	16	22,673	16	22,018	15
Minnesota	26,295	12	25,260	11	23,759	15	22,794	15	21,486	18
California	26,218	13	25,050	13	23,901	14	22,899	14	22,388	11
Virginia	26,172	14	24,992	14	24,000	12	23,034	12	22,139	13
Rhode Island	25,689	15	24,344	17	23,480	17	22,304	19	21,725	16
Hawaii	25,686	16	25,105	12	24,883	9	24,161	7	23,708	6
Pennsylvania	25,678	17	24,530	16	23,270	19	22,336	18	21,635	17
Michigan	24,998	18	24,009	19	23,434	18	22,353	17	20,937	20
Alaska	24,945	19	24,318	18	23,956	13	23,412	10	22,715	10
Florida	24,795	20	23,883	20	22,665	20	21,758	20	21,081	19
Ohio	24,203	21	23,078	22	22,233	21	21,246	21	20,237	21
Wisconsin	24,199	22	23,132	21	22,084	22	21,096	22	20,078	22
Kansas	24,014	23	22,796	26	21,547	26	20,672	24	20,075	23
Oregon	23,984	24	22,852	25	21,579	25	20,497	27	19,512	30
Georgia	23,893	25	22,906	23	21,689	23	20,623	25	19,665	25
Missouri	23,723	26	22,615	27	21,610	24	20,615	26	19,631	27
Nebraska	23,656	27	22,891	24	21,078	31	20,356	28	19,710	24
Texas	23,647	28	22,285	28	21,279	28	20,271	29	19,578	28
Indiana	23,183	29	22,251	29	21,442	27	20,731	23	19,651	26
Iowa	23,177	30	22,078	31	20,462	34	19,965	32	18,465	34
North Carolina	23,174	31	22,054	32	20,994	32	19,919	33	19,140	32
Vermont	23,018	32	22,184	30	21,237	29	20,185	30	19,388	31
Tennessee	22,752	33	21,808	33	21,118	30	20,088	31	19,139	33
Wyoming	22,611	34	21,532	34	20,695	33	19,859	34	19,535	29
Arizona	21,994	35	21,057	35	20,068	35	19,122	36	18,267	36
Maine	21,928	36	20,941	36	19,970	36	19,177	35	18,456	35
South Dakota	21,183	37	20,503	37	18,782	41	18,558	37	17,598	38
Alabama	20,699	38	19,864	39	19,086	37	18,193	38	17,395	41
South Carolina	20,651	39	19,751	40	18,871	39	17,979	43	17,139	43
Kentucky	20,599	40	19,470	43	18,609	42	17,872	44	17,212	42
Louisiana	20,473	41	19,608	42	18,828	40	18,085	41	17,135	44
Idaho	20,393	42	19,729	41	18,947	38	18,168	39	17,686	37
Utah	20,246	43	19,244	45	18,182	46	17,122	47	16,336	48
Oklahoma	20,214	44	19,363	44	18,560	43	17,984	42	17,422	40
North Dakota	20,231	45	20,308	38	18,287	45	18,157	40	17,043	45
Montana	19,704	46	18,886	46	18,310	44	17,589	45	17,572	39
Arkansas	19,602	47	18,802	47	17,935	48	17,086	48	16,380	47
West Virginia	18,734	48	18,120	49	17,446	49	16,946	49	16,307	49
New Mexico	19,249	49	18,599	48	18,003	47	17,127	46	16,545	46
Mississippi	18,087	50	17,402	50	16,585	50	15,887	50	14,903	50
Utah as a % of U.S	80.0%		79.6%		78.8%		77.6%		77.0%	

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis



**Demographic and Economic Analysis Section  
Governor's Office of Planning and Budget  
116 State Capitol  
Salt Lake City, Utah 84114**

**Utah State, Business & Industry Data Center Network  
Coordinating Agencies**

Bureau of Econ & Business Research . . . . . Frank Hachman (581-3353)  
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Dept. of Workforce Services . . . . . Ken Jensen (526-9488)

**State Affiliates**

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**Governor's Office of Planning and Budget**

Lynne N. Koga, CPA, Director  
Brad Barber, Deputy Director and State Planning Coordinator

**Demographic and Economic Analysis Section**

Natalie Gochmour, Manager  
State Data Center Contacts (801) 538-1036  
Sally Allen  
Christine Auernig  
Lisa Hillman  
Jamie Jensen  
Keith Rigtrup  
Peter Donner, Economist, Fiscal Impact Analysis  
Scott Frisby, Intern  
Julie Johnsson, Research Analyst, Special Studies, Newsletter Editor  
Pam Perlich, Economist, Economic and Demographic Research  
Ross Reeve, Research Consultant  
Lance Rovig, Senior Economist, Economic & Revenue Forecasts

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